

UW - 3 and 4 year olds will learn to:		Reception will learn to:	
<p>Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary.</p>	<p>Provide interesting natural environments for children to explore freely outdoors. Make collections of natural materials to investigate and talk about. Suggestions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • contrasting pieces of bark • different types of leaves and seeds • different types of rocks • different shells and pebbles from the beach <p>Provide equipment to support these investigations. Suggestions: magnifying glasses or a tablet with a magnifying app. Encourage children to talk about what they see. Model observational and investigational skills. Ask out loud: "I wonder if...?" Plan and introduce new vocabulary, encouraging children to use it to discuss their findings and ideas.</p>	<p>Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.</p>	<p>Guide children's understanding by draw children's attention to the weather and seasonal features. Provide opportunities for children to note and record the weather. Select texts to share with the children about the changing seasons. Throughout the year, take children outside to observe the natural world and encourage children to observe how animals behave differently as the seasons change. Look for children incorporating their understanding of the seasons and weather in their play.</p>
<p>Plant seeds and care for growing plants. Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.</p>	<p>Show and explain the concepts of growth, change and decay with natural materials. Suggestions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • plant seeds and bulbs so children observe growth and decay over time • observe an apple core going brown and mouldy over time • help children to care for animals and take part in first-hand scientific explorations of animal life cycles, such as caterpillars or chick eggs. Plan and introduce new vocabulary related to the exploration. • Encourage children to use it in their discussions, as they care for living things. Encourage children to refer to books, wall displays and online resources. This will support their investigations and extend their knowledge and ways of thinking. 	<p>Explore the natural world around them.</p>	<p>Provide children with have frequent opportunities for outdoor play and exploration. Encourage interactions with the outdoors to foster curiosity and give children freedom to touch, smell and hear the natural world around them during hands-on experiences. Create opportunities to discuss how we care for the natural world around us. Offer opportunities to sing songs and join in with rhymes and poems about the natural world. After close observation, draw pictures of the natural world, including animals and plants. Observe and interact with natural processes, such as</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ice melting, • a sound causing a vibration, • light travelling through transparent material, • an object casting a shadow, • a magnet attracting an object and a boat floating on water.
<p>Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.</p>	<p>Draw children's attention to forces. Suggestions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • how the water pushes up when they try to push a plastic boat under it • how they can stretch elastic, snap a twig, but cannot bend a metal rod • magnetic attraction and repulsion Plan and introduce new vocabulary related to the exploration and encourage children to use it. <p>Provide children with opportunities to change materials from one state to another. Suggestions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cooking – combining different ingredients, and then cooling or heating (cooking) them • melting – leave ice cubes out in the sun, see what happens when you shake salt onto them (children should not touch to avoid danger of frostbite) • Explore how different materials sink and float. Explore how you can shine light through some materials, but not others. Investigate shadows. • Plan and introduce new vocabulary related to the exploration and encourage children to use it. 		